The basic elements of music

Music has several different characteristics, such as soft or loud, slow or fast, combine different instruments and have a regular rhythmic pattern. All of these are known “elements of music”.

The elements of music:

1. Musical Form:

The form of music refers to the genre of the music.

* Harmonic language
* Lyrics:

Lyrics are a set of words that make up a song.

* Rhythm:

Rhythm is a strong, regular, repeated pattern of movement or sound and the systematic arrangement of musical sounds, principally according to duration and periodic stress.

* Musical Instrument:

Musical Instrument is an object or device for producing musical sounds

1. Timbre:

Timbre is kind of concept that is played by different instruments at the same time. The difference sound produced by the instruments is usually called as timbre. Timbre is caused by the fact that each note from a musical instrument is a complex wave containing more than one frequency.

1. Melody:

Melody is the set of linear notations that formed in tunes, chords, grooves, and vocals. Some people called it as progressions. It is a mix of tempo, rhythm, and harmony.

* Tempo:

Tempo is the speed of the music, and the speed at which a passage of music is or should be played.

* Rhythm:

Rhythm is a strong, regular, repeated pattern of movement or sound and the systematic arrangement of musical sounds, principally according to duration and periodic stress.

* Harmony:

Harmony is the combination of simultaneously sounded musical notes to produce chords and chord progressions having a pleasing effect

1. Texture:

Texture is the heart of the music. It is formed by rhythm and notation that are played all together. It is also referred to the number of layers and also the type of layers that are used in a music composition. It also indicates how the layers are related to each other. Texture can be monophonic, polyphonic, and also homophonic.

1. Dynamics:

The dynamics of music means the volume of notation. Because of the advancement of technology in music, some instruments have volume controls. Musicians need to control the volume of an instrument, and dynamics are the symbol of loudness and softness of music. Dynamics can also signify when there is a change in music.

1. Harmony:

Harmony is the mixture between notes that are played together or the connection between series of chord. Harmony support melody to create music.

1. Rhythm:

Rhythm must be included to complete a song. It is a specific arrangement of sound that has elements like beat and tempo.